

## **FCC REPORTS EDICION NOCTURNA NOV 1-15 PART 1**

**11/1/11**

### **CITIZENSHIP LOANS**

**VO: 21**

Casa de Maryland launched a program Tuesday to offer small loans to legal permanent residents who would like to apply for U.S. citizenship, the nonprofit said. The pilot program will loan 125 individuals each \$680, the fee charged for naturalization, the immigrant advocacy group said in a statement. Borrowers will be required to repay the loan over a six-month period at an interest rate of 8.5 percent to 9 percent, according to the statement. Applicants will pay a \$25 application fee that will be returned upon full repayment of the loan, Casa said. The program was initiated to make the cost of applying for citizenship more manageable for low-income immigrants, the organization said.

=====

**11/2/2011**

### **ALABAMA IMMIGRATION LAW LATEST**

**MARIA ANTONIETA COLLINS - MIAMI, FLORIDA**

**PKG: 2:58**

The U.S. Justice Department is asking every school district in Alabama to hand over enrollment information about all their students as part of its lawsuit challenging that state's tough immigration law. The department sent

letters to school superintendents Monday telling them to provide lists that include the students' race, national origin and whether English is their primary language. Justice department Attorneys also sought the names of students who have withdrawn from school and the date they withdrew. The Obama administration says it's concerned that Alabama's recently enacted immigration law may chill student participation, and it wants the information to determine if further action is warranted.

## **GEORGIA IMMIGRATION LAW**

**VO: 26**

A group of Mexican senators announced Tuesday they are preparing to meet with state legislators in Georgia and four other states next month, hoping to head off more stringent immigration laws like the one Georgia enacted this year. The senators plan to share information with state lawmakers that shows illegal immigrants generally stay out of trouble and contribute to the economy while they are here. Sen. Carlos Jimenez Macias, a member of the Mexican Senate's Foreign Relations Committee, confirmed those plans Tuesday at a workshop on immigration reform in D.C. at the German Marshall Fund, a nonpartisan public policy institution.

=====

**11/03/2011**

## **IMMIGRACION VOTE IN NEW YORK**

**VO :31**

Experts and activists denounced on Thursday immigrants with no papers and asylum-seekers remain locked up in prisons around the country, despite the promise of the Government to improve their conditions and

accommodate them in centres for inmates civil and not criminal. United States has 250 detention centres of immigrants. Approximately 50 per cent of detainees by the Agency Immigration and customs enforcement (ICE, for its acronym in English) they are locked in this type of prison that also host to criminals, they assured representatives of the Human Organization Rights First, on the basis of the figures in federal data.

## **DETENTION CENTERS**

**VO :30**

Experts and activists today reported that migrants with no legal documents and asylum seekers, are still locked up in prisons around the country. They pointed out that this occurs despite the promise of the government of improving their conditions and accommodate them in centres for prisoners civil and not criminal. US account with 250 centres of detention of immigrants. Approximately 50 per cent of detainees by the agency for immigration and customs control are locked up in that type of prison that also housed a criminals.

## **PERRY IMMIGRATION**

**VO :26**

Texas Gov. Rick Perry proposed the federal government should extend work visas allowing illegal immigrants to move freely between the U.S. and their home countries -- but stressed that he opposes amnesty or a path to citizenship. Perry said in an interview with CNN's John King on Thursday that expectations that U.S. authorities are going to arrest and deport up to 15 million illegal immigrants isn't realistic. He added, however, that other Republicans, including fellow Texan George W. Bush, went too far when they previously proposed an immigration overhaul that included a path to citizenship.

=====

**11/04/2011**

**NOTHING TO REPORT**

=====

**11/07/2011**

**ALABAMA IMMIGRATION LAW**

**VO :27**

Gov. Robert Bentley said Monday he wants the Legislature to simplify the state's tough new immigration law that has been challenged in court, with some of its provisions put on hold by a judge. The Legislature passed the law in late June with the Republican governor's approval and it took effect in late September.

**COLORADO IMMIGRATION STATUS VERIFICATION**

**VO :21**

Many employers are not following a 2006 Colorado law that requires companies to verify the legal-immigration status of all workers when they hire them, according to an audit released Monday. A report by the Colorado Office of the State Auditor found that out of 404 employers reviewed by the Colorado Division of Labor in 2010, nearly half did not fulfill the law's verification requirements. The audit emphasized that companies that fail to document their compliance with the law are not necessarily hiring unauthorized workers.

## **HISPANIC VOTERS 2012**

### **LUIS MEGID / SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA**

**PKG 2:06**

Many hispanics are gonna be eligible to vote on the 2012 presidential elections but most of them are not working to get their citizenship. Luis Megid explains how the results can be affected.

=====

**11/08/11**

## **SOUTH CAROLINA IMMIGRATION LAW**

**VO: 20**

The U.S. Justice Department is seeking an injunction from a federal judge to block implementation of South Carolina's new immigration law, and 16 Latin American and Caribbean governments expressed support for the department's lawsuit against the state, saying they have "grave concerns" about the law. Federal court records show the Justice Department filed a motion for a preliminary injunction as part of its action challenging the state's immigration law signed by Gov. Nikki Haley last year. The records also show the Latin American and Caribbean governments support the department's lawsuit because of concerns that South Carolina's law will lead to racial profiling and "disparate treatment" of citizens of those countries. The governments were identified in a court filing as Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Paraguay, Peru and Uruguay. In the filing, the governments said they hoped to join Mexico's

amicus curiae, or friend of the court, brief to express their concerns and underscore the importance of halting South Carolina's immigration law.

=====

**11/09/11**

## **NY IMMIGRATION ARRESTS**

**VO :20**

Immigrant rights advocates and the New York Civil Liberties Union on Wednesday accused the Border Patrol in upstate New York of abusing its authority by questioning the citizenship of train and bus passengers, as well as people going about their business in towns miles away from any international crossing. A report based on a Freedom of Information request suggests agents charged with securing the U.S.-Canadian border have taken advantage of their 100-mile area of jurisdiction to snare and deport illegal immigrants who have been in the country for years, using police-state tactics that allow them to boost arrest rates and justify increased funding.

## **BISHOPS IMMIGRATION KANSAS**

**VO :22**

A coalition of Roman Catholic and Protestant bishops in Kansas is urging state policymakers to be civil and respectful as they debate illegal immigration. The six bishops issued a paper Wednesday that calls on elected officials at the state and national level to balance the duty to

protect the nation's borders with the United States' tradition of being welcoming immigrants.

## **GOP DEBATE**

### **VIVIANA AVILA / ROCHESTER, MICHIGAN**

#### **PKG 2:15**

United in agreement for once, Republican presidential rivals warned forcefully Wednesday night the United States could be doomed to the same sort of financial crisis that is afflicting Europe unless federal deficits are drastically cut and the economy somehow revived. Though sexual harassment allegations facing Herman Cain have dominated the GOP campaign for more than a week, the debate in economically ailing Michigan focused almost entirely on financial worries and proposed solutions in the U.S.

## **TOYOTA RECALL**

#### **VO :21**

Toyota is recalling 420-thousand vehicles in the U-S, because of a potential problem with the power steering. If the system fails, the car could suddenly become much harder to steer. The cars involved are some 2004 Toyota Avalons as well as 2004 and 2005 Camrys, Highlander S-U-Vs, Sienna Minivans, Solara convertibles, Lexus ES330 sedans and RX330 SUVs.

## **OBESITY DRUGS MONKEY**

#### **VO :20**

An experimental drug that chokes off the blood supply to fat cells helped obese monkeys slim down, a sign that it may work in people, too, U.S. researchers said Wednesday. The drug, known as Adipotide, takes a different approach from other weight loss medicines, which have generally tried to control appetite, alter the absorption of fat or increase metabolism in order to help people lose weight.

=====

**11/10/11**

## **ARIZONA IMMIGRATION**

**VO: 20**

The Justice Department on Thursday urged the Supreme Court to stay out of a lawsuit involving Arizona's immigration law, saying lower courts properly blocked tough provisions targeting illegal immigrants. The state law is a challenge to federal policy and is designed to establish Arizona's own immigration policy, the department's solicitor general said in a filing with the justices. Arizona says the law is an effort to cooperate with the federal government. One provision requires that police, while enforcing other laws, question a person's immigration status if officers suspect they are in the country illegally. In April, a three-judge panel of the 9th Circuit U.S. Court of Appeals in San Francisco upheld a federal judge's ruling halting enforcement of that and other key provisions in the Arizona law.

## **USA SMOKING**

**VO:24**

Nearly 70 percent of U.S. adults who smoke say they want to quit, and more than half have tried in the past year, but only about six percent succeeded, U.S. health officials said Thursday. Overall, about 20 percent of U.S. adults, or about 45.3 million people, still smoke, while 48.3 percent of smokers have been advised by their doctors to quit, according to the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Smoking rates in the country are falling, but CDC officials are worried by signs that the pace of decline has slowed and are ramping up efforts to help smokers who want to quit. According to the CDC's Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, only 32

percent of smokers who want to quit used any smoking cessation aid, such as nicotine patches or counseling. "There is significant room for improving in this area. Use of these treatments can double or triple success rates," Dr. Timothy McAfee, director of the CDC's Office on Smoking and Health told a news briefing.

=====

**11/11/11**

**NOTHING TO REPORT**

=====

**11/14/11**

**DEPORTATION AND FAMILY PROTEST**

**LILIANA ESCALANTE - LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA**

**PKG: 2:10**

Dozens protesters gathered during a Women's Coalition Conference in Downtown L.A. Monday to help bring attention to what they call is the government's "immorality" when it comes to deporting parents. "We call on President Obama, ICE and the Republicans to implement changes immediately and end these inhumane and immoral immigration laws," stated a press release issued by the Woman Coalition for Humane Immigrant Rights. Between January and June, the U.S. deported more than 46,000 parents whose children are American citizens, according to newly

released Department of Homeland Security figures. A year-long national investigation showed that about 5,100 of these children are now in foster care. Applied Research Center analysts expect that number to skyrocket to 15,000 in the next five years if immigration policy isn't reformed.

## **ARIZONA IMMIGRATION LAW**

### **VO: 22**

Gov. Jan Brewer urged a federal judge to throw out one of the three remaining legal challenges to Arizona's immigration enforcement law, arguing the state's attempt to fix its border problems isn't trumped by federal law. The governor's lawyers said in a court filing Friday that the group that filed the lawsuit in question was offering speculation about the law's effects and implications. The lawsuit by the League of United Latin American Citizens, or LULAC, alleges that Arizona's law should be invalidated because it's superseded by federal immigration law and the state can't enact statutes to control the flow of immigrants.

## **CHOLESTEROL KIDS**

### **VO: 22**

The National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute (NHBLI), a government panel that's part of the National Institutes of Health, has issued new recommendations on reducing the risk for cardiovascular disease in children. Parts will be non-controversial-recommending low-fat or non-fat milk and stressing the Importance of regular daily exercise. But pediatricians and parents may find one part a little more difficult to get used to: all children, starting at age nine, should have blood tests to check their cholesterol levels.

## **SUGARY DRINKS WOMEN**

### **VO: 19**

Ladies, everyone knows sugary drinks will help you pack on the pounds in no time. But a new study says the drinks can expand your waistline... without making you weigh more. And doctors say that can be dangerous to a woman's health. Researchers with the University of Oklahoma looked at data on more than four-thousand people, middle-aged and older.

=====

**11/15/11**

**NOTHING TO REPORT**

**====END OF PART 1====**